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Algorithm Question
 Write an algorithm which: asks the user to input 2 numbers outputs the larger of the two numbers along with a suitable message [5 marks]

Write an algorithm which:

- asks the user to input 2 numbers
- outputs the larger of the two numbers along with a suitable message [5 marks]

There are always different ways to solve a problem. This algorithm is just an example. What is important is that the logic is correct!

LOGIC:

- A first number is inputted and stored
- A second number is inputted and stored
- The contents of each variable is cast to an integer type
- A comparison is made to see which number is larger
- The larger number is outputted...
- ...along with a suitable message

```
num1 = input("Enter a number")
num2 = input("Enter another number")
num1 = int(num1)
num2 = int(num2)
if num1 > num2 then
    print(num1 + "is the largest number")
else
    print(num2 + "is the largest number")
endif
```

Algorithm Question	
Algorithm Question	
If Monday = 0, Tuesday = 1 etc	Adapted from OCR GCSE 9-1 Unit 2 Sample Exam
write an algorithm which:	
- Asks the user to enter a number,	
 Outputs the day that the number represents 	
- Validates the number so that an error messa	age displays if the number is not a valid
weekday number.	[5 marks]
	[5 marks]

If Monday = 0, Tuesday = 1 etc...

...write an algorithm which:

- Asks the user to enter a number,
- Outputs the day that the number represents,
- Validates the number so that an error message displays if the number is not a valid weekday number.

[5 marks]

***There are always different ways to solve a problem. This algorithm is just an example.

What is important is that the logic is correct!***

LOGIC:

- Value INPUTTED and STORED
- Inputted value cast to an integer type
- Multiple IF / CASE statements to decide which day based on inputted number AND an OUTPUT statement to display the day to the user
- An ELSE / CASE to handle numbers below 0 and above 6 with an error message to inform the user of the invalid entry.

```
number = input("Enter a number: ")
number = int(number)
if number == 0 then
       print("Monday")
elseif number == 1 then
       print("Tuesday")
elseif number == 2 then
       print("Wednesday")
elseif number == 3 then
       print("Thursday")
elseif number == 4 then
       print("Friday")
elseif number == 5 then
       print("Saturday")
elseif number == 6 then
       print("Sunday")
       print("INVALID NUMBER ENTERED")
endif
```

Algorithm Question	

Source: OCR GCSE Computing Exam June 2011

A dog that is 5 years old is equivalent to a 42 year old human. You need to write a program that converts the age of a dog to the equivalent age of a human.

Write an algorithm which:

- Asks for the age of the dog in years
- If the age is 2 or less, the human equivalent is 12 times the age
- If the age is more than 2, the human equivalent is 24 for the first 2 years, plus 6 for every additional year.

[5 marks]

A dog that is 5 years old is equivalent to a 42 year old human. You need to write a program that converts the age of a dog to the equivalent age of a human.

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[5 marks]

There are always different ways to solve a problem. This algorithm is just an example. What is important is that the logic is correct!

LOGIC:

Allows an input for the dog's age Multiplies age by 12 if age is less than or equal to 2 If age is greater than 2:

> Works out how many years over 2 Multiplies the number by 6 Adds 24 (for the first 2 years)

```
dogs_age = input("Enter your dog's age: ")
dogs_age = int(dogs_age)
if dogs_age <= 2 then
    human_dog_years = dogs_age * 12
else
    extra_years = dogs_age - 2
    human_dog_years = 24 + (extra_years * 6)
endif</pre>
```

Algorithm Question	
Consider the array numbers = [2, 5, 3, 6, 2, 3, 6, 4] where the value of numbers [2]	2] is 3.
Write an algorithm which: - Adds up the numbers in the array - Displays the result.	
To get full marks a loop should be used in your algorithm.	[5 marks]

Consider the array **numbers = [2, 5, 3, 6, 2, 3, 6, 4]** where the value of numbers[2] is 3.

Write an algorithm which:

- Adds up the numbers in the array
- Displays the result.

To get full marks a loop should be used in your algorithm.

[5 marks]

***There are always different ways to solve a problem. This algorithm is just an example.

What is important is that the logic is correct!***

LOGIC:

- A variable to hold the total (running total) should be declared
- A loop should be used which will run for the same number of times as there are items in the array
- Inside the loop the next array item should accessed using the counter as the index...
- ...and it should be added to the total
- At the end of the loop, the total should be outputted to the screen

```
total = 0
for counter = 0 to (numbers.length - 1)
   total = total + numbers(counter)
print(total)
```

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Algorithm Question
A taxi firm charges £3 for the first mile and £2 for every mile after that. If there are 5 or more passengers, an extra 50% is added to the price. Write an algorithm which calculates the cost of a journey. The algorithm should: - Ask the user to enter the number of passengers - Ask the user to enter the distance (as an integer) - Calculate the price of the journey - Output the price on the screen [7 marks]

A taxi firm charges £3 for the first mile and £2 for every mile after that. If there are 5 or more passengers, an extra 50% is added to the price.

Write an algorithm which calculates the cost of a journey.

The algorithm should:

- Ask the user to enter the number of passengers
- Ask the user to enter the distance (as an integer)
- Calculate the price of the journey
- Output the price on the screen

[7 marks]

***There are always different ways to solve a problem. This algorithm is just an example.

What is important is that the logic is correct!***

LOGIC:

- Inputs distance and passengers
- Checks if distance is greater than 1
- If it is, it will calculate cost by adding 3 to the (distance-1) * 2
- If it is not, it will set cost as 3
- Checks if more than 4 passengers...
- ... and adds 50% correctly
- Outputs cost

```
distance = input("Enter a distance: ")
distance = int(distance)
passengers = input("Enter number of passengers: ")
passengers = int(passengers)
if distance > 1 then
   cost = 3 + ((distance - 1) * 2)
else
   cost = 3
if passengers > 4 then
   surcharge = cost / 2
   cost = cost + surcharge
endif
print(cost)
```

Algorithm Question	
Source: OCR GCSE Computing Ex	am Jan 2013
In a factory, the wages earned by a worker is either £2 for every teddy bear they hade or £5 for every hour they have worked, whichever is higher.	ave
Write an algorithm which:	
 Allows the user to input the number of teddy bears made and the number of hours worked 	:
- Calculates the wages for the number of teddy bears made - Calculates the	
wages for the number of hours worked - Outputs the larger of the two results.	
	[6 marks]

In a factory, the wages earned by a worker is either £2 for every teddy bear they have made or £5 for every hour they have worked, whichever is higher.

Write an algorithm which:

- Allows the user to input the number of teddy bears made and the number of hours worked
- Calculates the wages for the number of teddy bears made Calculates the wages for the number of hours worked Outputs the larger of the two results.

[6 marks]

There are always different ways to solve a problem. This algorithm is just an example. What is important is that the logic is correct!

LOGIC:

- Input teddy bears and hours & cast inputs to integer types
- 2 * number of teddy bears
- 5 * hours
- Comparing the two answers
- Outputting the piece rate if it is greater Outputting the hour rate if it is greater.

Algorithm Question	
Source: OCR GCSE Computing E	xam June 2013
An isosceles triangle is one which has at least two equal length sides.	
 Write an algorithm which: Asks the user to enter the lengths of a triangle Works out if the triangle is isosceles Outputs a message stating whether the triangle is isosceles or not. 	marks]

An isosceles triangle is one which has at least two equal length sides.

Write an algorithm which:

- Asks the user to enter the lengths of a triangle
- Works out if the triangle is isosceles
- Outputs a message stating whether the triangle is isosceles or not.

[5 marks]

***There are always different ways to solve a problem. This algorithm is just an example.

What is important is that the logic is correct!***

LOGIC:

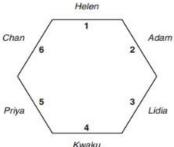
- Inputting three lengths & cast to integer type
- Comparing lengths in pairs
- ... for all three ways correctly
- ... outputting "Isosceles" for all valid cases
- ... outputting "Not Isosceles" for all cases and only in cases where the three lengths are different.

```
length1 = int(input("Enter first length: "))
length2 = int(input("Enter second length: "))
length3 = int(input("Enter third length: "))
if length1 == length2 then
        print("Isosceles")
elseif length1 == length3 then
        print("Isosceles")
elseif length2 == length3 then
        print("Isosceles")
else
        print("Isosceles")
```

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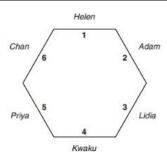
Source: OCR GCSE Computing Exam June 2015

A computer game shows 6 players around a table on seats. They are numbered 1 to 6.



The names of the players are stored in an array with 6 elements called PlayerName. The index position of the array is used to indicate the seat number. For example, the value of PlayerName(1) is 'Helen'. During the game, each player sometimes moves clockwise by a given number of places. For example, if the number of places is 2, Helen will move to seat 3, Priya will move to seat 1 etc. Write an algorithm, which updates the contents of the array 'PlayerMove' after a move has occurred. The algorithm should: Allow the number of places to move to be input Use iteration Ensure that all of the players' names are moved to the correct position in the array. [6 marks]

A computer game shows 6 players around a table on seats. They are numbered 1 to 6.



The names of the players are stored in an array with 6 elements called PlayerName. The index position of the array is used to indicate the seat number. For example, the value of PlayerName(1) is 'Helen'.

During the game, each player sometimes moves clockwise by a given number of places.

For example, if the number of places is 2, Helen will move to seat 3, Priya will move to seat 1 etc.

Write an algorithm, which updates the contents of the array 'PlayerMove' after a move has occurred. The algorithm should:

- Allow the number of places to move to be input
- Use iteration
- Ensure that all of the players' names are moved to the correct position in the array. [6 marks]

There are always different ways to solve a problem. This algorithm is just an example. What is important is that the logic is correct!

LOGIC:

- Input the number of places to move (e.g. Num)
- Use of temporary variable(s) or second array to
- Avoid overwriting values in the array
- Sensible use of a loop
- ... with correct end condition
- Correctly deals with moving from position 1 (e.g. 1 + Num) Correctly deals with moving from position 6 (e.g. Num)

```
num = int(input("Enter number: "))
for loop = 1 to num
    temp = playerName[6]
    playerName[6] = playerName[5]
    playerName[5] = playerName[4]
    playerName[4] = playerName[3]
    playerName[3] = playerName[2]
    playerName[2] = playerName[1]
    playerName[1] = temp
next i
```

Alg	orithm	Que	estion
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Source: OCR GCSE Computing Specimen Exam

A display board can show a flashing message of up to 20 characters.



Write an algorithm which: Allows the user to input the message and the number of flashes Rejects the message if it is longer than 20 characters and stops Otherwise it repeatedly displays the message and clears the display for the correct number of times. [5 marks]

A display board can show a flashing message of up to 20 characters.



Write an algorithm which:

- Allows the user to input the message and the number of flashes
- Rejects the message if it is longer than 20 characters and stops
- Otherwise it repeatedly displays the message and clears the display for the correct number of times.

[5 marks]

***There are always different ways to solve a problem. This algorithm is just an example.

What is important is that the logic is correct!***

LOGIC:

- Inputs message and number of flashes
- If length of message > 20, output error message and stop
- Otherwise run a loop which will
- ... flash the message
- ... for the correct number of times

```
message = input("Enter your message: ")
numberOfFlashes = int(input("Input number of flashes"))
if message.length > 20 then
    print("This message is too long")
else
    for i = 1 to numberOfFlashes
        print(message)
        sleep(1)
        print("")
        sleep(1)
        next i
endif
```

Ala	orithm	Que	estion
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Source: OCR GCSE Computing Additional Specimen Exam

You are writing a program that uses an array called WordList. This array contains 10 foreign words in alphabetical order. The contents of the array are shown on the left.

WordList(4) kala WordList(5) lipu You need to write an algorithm that: WordList(6) mama WordList(7) nasa allows the user to input a word,

WordList (1) WordList(2) esun WordList(3) jaki WordList(8) olin WordList(9) taso WordList(10) walo

from the WordList(1), if it finds the word that the user has input, it outputs "Word found".

goes through the items in the array WordList in turn, starting

[5 marks]

You are writing a program that uses an array called WordList. This array contains 10 foreign words in alphabetical order. The contents of the array are shown on the left.

You need to write an algorithm that:

- allows the user to input a word,
- goes through the items in the array WordList in turn, starting from the WordList(1),

-	if it finds the	word that the	user has input	t, it outputs	"Word found".
---	-----------------	---------------	----------------	---------------	---------------

akesi
esun
jaki
kala
lipu
mama
nasa
olin
taso
walo

[5 marks]

***There are always different ways to solve a problem. This algorithm is just an example.

What is important is that the logic is correct!***

LOGIC:

- Input a word
- Code contains a loop starting from item 1
- ... compares the word searched to the current item
- ... outputs "Word Found" if there is a match
- loop stops when you get to item 10 -

```
searchWord = input("Enter your word")

for count = 1 to WordList.length
   if WordList[count] == searchWord then
      print("Word Found")
   endif
next count
```